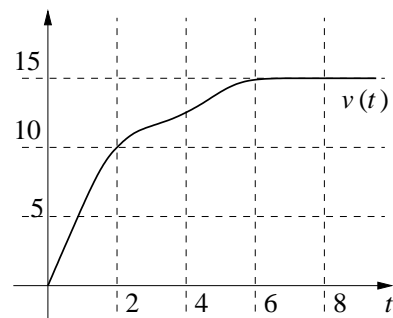


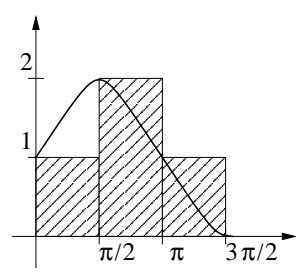
1. A calculus student is racing to get to the gateway lab to start taking the Entrance Gateway at the instant the doors open. The student's velocity,  $v(t)$  (in m/s) is shown in the graph to the right for  $0 \leq t \leq 8$  seconds. Write an integral that gives the distance the student travels in those 8 sec, and estimate this distance. (3 points)



*Solution:* The distance travelled is just  $\int_0^8 v(t) dt$ . We can approximate this with a left- or right- hand sum, or the average of the two. A left-hand sum is  $\int_0^8 v(t) dt \approx 2(0 + 10 + 12.5 + 15) = 75$  m, and a right-hand sum  $\int_0^8 v(t) dt \approx 2(10 + 12.5 + 15 + 15) = 105$  m. The average is likely to be a more accurate estimate, giving  $\int_0^8 v(t) dt \approx 90$  m.

2. Consider the integral  $\int_0^{3\pi/2} 1 + \sin(x) dx$ . Let LHS( $n$ ) and RHS( $n$ ) be, respectively, the left- and right-hand sums with  $n$  subdivisions approximating this integral. *By looking at a graph (—not by evaluating them),* place in increasing order the following quantities: LHS(3), RHS(1), and  $\int_0^{3\pi/2} 1 + \sin(x) dx$ . (3 points)

*Solution:* See the figure to the right. Clearly LHS(3) > the area under the curve, and at  $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$ ,  $1 + \sin(3\pi/2) = 0$ , so RHS(1) = 0. Thus we have RHS(1) <  $\int_0^{3\pi/2} 1 + \sin(x) dx$  < LHS(3).



3. Find each of the following derivatives (you need not simplify your answers). (4 points)
- $\frac{d}{dx}(3x \sin(x^2 + 1))$
  - $\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{e^{2t}}{\ln(t)}\right)$

*Solution:* a.  $\frac{d}{dx}(3x \sin(x^2 + 1)) = 3 \sin(x^2 + 1) + 6x^2 \cos(x^2 + 1)$ .  
 b.  $\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{e^{2t}}{\ln(t)}\right) = \frac{2e^{2t} \ln(t) - \frac{1}{t} e^{2t}}{(\ln(t))^2}$  (or,  $= 2e^{2t}(\ln(t))^{-1} - e^{2t}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)(\ln(t))^{-2}$ ).