## Some Remaining Review Problems

(This is neither comprehensive nor guaranteed to be useful.)

- 1. Find the center of mass  $\overline{x}$ ,  $\overline{y}$  of the solid formed by the region bounded by  $x=0, x=2, y=1+e^{-x}$  and  $y=1-e^{-x}$ ,
  - **a.** Rotated about the y-axis, if its density is  $\delta(y) = y$  (mass units/unit volume).
  - **b.** Rotated about the x-axis, if its density is  $\delta(x) = x$  (mass units/unit volume).
- **2.** If, for the region in (1a), we had  $\delta(x) = 3 + x$ , can we find  $\overline{x}$ ?  $\overline{y}$ ? Why or why not?
- **3.** Let p(x) be a pdf, with  $a \le x \le b$ . Let Q(x) be an antiderivative of p(x). Show that the cdf of p(x) is given by P(x) = Q(x) Q(b) + 1.
- 4. Let p(x) be a pdf for the distribution of GPAs, x, earned by University of Michigan squirrels.
  - **a.** What is the domain of p(x)?
  - **b.** Sketch a reasonable graph that could be p(x).
  - **c.** What is the meaning of the statement p(2) = 0.05?
  - **d.** If P(x) is the cdf for this distribution, what is the meaning of the statement P(2) = 0.953?
- 5. Carefully determine if each of the following series converges or diverges.
  - **a.**  $\sum \frac{x^n}{5^n + n^2}$ , if  $|x| \le 4$ .
  - **b.**  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot \ln(n)}$
  - $\mathbf{c.} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n \cdot \ln(n)}$
- **6.** Carefully explain why, if  $\sum |a_n|$  converges, we are able to conclude that  $\sum a_n$  also converges.
  - **a.** Carefully explain why, if  $\sum a_n$  converges, we are unable to conclude that  $\sum |a_n|$  also converges.