

1. Consider a system of m linear equations in n variables over a commutative ring R , $\sum_{i=1}^n r_{ij}x_i = r_j$, where $1 \leq j \leq m$ indexes the equations and the r_{ij}, r_j are given elements of R . Prove that the equations have a solution in R if and only if for every maximal ideal of R the corresponding system in which the coefficients are replaced by their images in R_m has a solution in R_m .

2. Let $K \subseteq L$ be fields and let $S = L[[x]]$ be the formal power series ring in one variable over L . Let $R = K + xL[[x]]$, the subring of R consisting of all power series with constant term in K . Prove that R is a Noetherian ring if and only if L is a finite algebraic extension of K . Prove that if L is algebraic over K then that R is normal if and only if $K = L$.

3. Let A be an R -module, let F and G be projective R -modules, and let $\alpha : F \rightarrow A$ and $\beta : G \rightarrow A$ be surjections. Let $M = \text{Ker}(\alpha)$ and let $N = \text{Ker}(\beta)$. Prove that $M \oplus G \cong N \oplus F$. (Hence, if F and G are finitely generated, then M is finitely generated if and only if N is finitely generated.)

4. Let $K \rightarrow L$ be a ring homomorphism, let U, V , and W be K -modules, let $B : U \times V \rightarrow W$ be a K -bilinear map, and let U_L, V_L and W_L denote $L \otimes_K U, L \otimes_K V, L \otimes_K W$, resp.

(a) Use class results on \otimes to show that there is an L -bilinear map $B_L : U_L \times V_L \rightarrow W_L$ such that $B_L(c \otimes u, d \otimes v) = cd \otimes B(u, v)$ for all $c, d \in L, u \in U, v \in V$.

(b) Assume in addition that K is an algebraically closed field and that L is a field extension. Suppose that B has the property that its value on any pair of vectors, both nonzero, is nonzero. Prove that B_L has the same property. [Hilbert's Nullstellensatz may be useful.]

5. Let D be an integral domain that is an algebra over an algebraically closed field K .

(a) Let L be a field extension of K . Prove that $L \otimes_K D$ is a domain.

(b) Let C be any other integral domain over K . Prove that $C \otimes_K D$ is an integral domain.

6. (a) Let R be a ring with a unique maximal ideal m , i.e., a quasilocal ring. Show that R/m is flat as an R -module if and only if $m = 0$.

(b) Show that a ring R has the property that every R -module is flat if and only if R is reduced and has Krull dimension 0.

Extra Credit 7. (a) Let $K \subset L$ be a proper field extension, and let R, S be nonzero L -algebras, which we may also view as K -algebras by restriction of scalars. Show that the natural surjection $R \otimes_K S \rightarrow R \otimes_L S$ is *never* an isomorphism.

(b) Let L be a field extension of K that is not finitely generated as a field extension. Prove that $L \otimes_K L$ is not a Noetherian ring.

Extra Credit 8. Let M be a finitely generated R -module and let $f : M \rightarrow M$ be surjective. Prove that f is an isomorphism. (You may *not* assume that R or M is Noetherian.)