

Math 615, Winter 2014  
Due: February 21

## Problem Set #2

1. Let  $K$  be a field, let  $x, y$  be indeterminates, and let  $f$  be an element transcendental over  $K[x]$  in the maximal ideal of  $K[[x]]$  (e.g., over  $\mathbb{C}[[x]]$  one could take  $f$  to be  $e^x - 1$  or  $\sin(x)$ .) Let  $f_n$  be the sum of the terms of degree at most  $n$  in  $f$ . Let  $R = K[x, y]$ , let  $m = (x, y)$ , and let  $(S, \mathcal{M})$  be the local ring  $(R_m, mR_m)$ , so that  $\widehat{S} = K[[x, y]]$ . Show that in  $S$ , the ideals  $I_n = (y - f_n, x^{n+1})$  are decreasing and have intersection  $(0)$ , but none of them is contained  $\mathcal{M}^2$ . (In  $\widehat{S}$ , the intersection of the  $I_n \widehat{S}$  is  $(y - f)\widehat{S}$ .) This shows that Chevalley's Lemma is not true for local rings that are not complete.

2. Let  $R$  be a universally catenary Noetherian domain, let  $S \supseteq R$  be a module-finite domain extension of  $R$ , and let  $Q$  be a prime ideal of  $S$ . Let  $P = Q \cap R$ . Prove that  $P$  and  $Q$  have the same height. Note that  $R$  need not be normal.

3. Let  $R$  be a finitely generated  $\mathbb{N}$ -graded algebra over a local ring  $(A, m, K)$  with  $R_0 = A$ . Let  $J$  be the ideal  $\bigoplus_{n=1}^{\infty} R_n$  generated by the homogeneous elements of positive degree. Let  $\mathcal{M} = m + J$ . Is it true that  $\dim(R) = \text{height}(\mathcal{M})$ ? Prove your answer. (We did this in class when  $A$  is a field.)

4. Assume the theorem that if  $(R, m)$  is a local ring of Krull dimension  $d$  and  $I$  is an  $m$ -primary ideal, then there is a polynomial in  $H(n)$  of degree  $d$  such that the length of  $R/I^{n+1} = H(n)$  for all sufficiently large  $n$ .

Let  $I \subseteq J$  be  $m$ -primary ideals in the local domain  $(R, m)$  of Krull dimension  $d$ . Show that if  $J$  is integral over  $I$ , the length of  $J^n/I^n$  agrees with a polynomial of degree at most  $d - 1$  for all sufficiently large  $n$ .

5. Let  $R = K[x_1, \dots, x_m]$  and  $S = K[y_1, \dots, y_n]$  be polynomial rings over a field  $K$ . Let  $I$  be an integrally closed ideal of  $R$  and let  $J$  be an integrally closed ideal of  $S$ . Prove that  $I \otimes_K J \hookrightarrow R \otimes_K S = T$  is an integrally closed ideal of  $T$ .

6. Let  $I = (f_1, \dots, f_n)R$  be an ideal of a Noetherian domain  $R$ , where the  $f_i$  are nonzero. Let  $B_i$  denote the integral closure of the ring  $R[f_1/f_i, \dots, f_n/f_i]$ , and assume that each  $B_i$  is Noetherian as well. Note that  $IB_i = f_i B_i$ . For each  $i$ , let  $V_{ij}$  be the finitely many discrete valuation rings obtained by localizing  $B_i$  at a minimal prime of  $f_i B_i$ . Show that for every  $h \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $g \in \overline{I^h}$  if and only if  $g \in I^h V_{ij}$  for all  $i, j$ . (That is, there exist finitely many injections  $R \rightarrow V_{ij}$  of  $R$  into a discrete valuation ring that may be used to test integral closure for  $I$  and every power of  $I$ .)

**Extra Credit 3.** Let  $1 \leq t \leq r \leq s$  be integers and let  $x_{ij}$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq r$ ,  $1 \leq j \leq s$ , be indeterminates over a field  $K$ . Let  $S = K[x_{ij} : 1 \leq i \leq r, 1 \leq j \leq s]$ , let  $m$  be the ideal generated by all the  $x_{ij}$ , and let  $P$  be the ideal of  $R = S_m$  generated by the  $2 \times 2$  minors of the  $r \times s$  matrix  $X = (x_{ij})$ . What is the analytic spread of  $P$ ?

**Extra Credit 4.** Let  $R$  be a normal local domain of dimension 2 and let  $P$  be a height one prime ideal of  $R$ . Let  $S$  be the *symbolic Rees algebra* of  $P$ , that is, the subring of the polynomial ring  $R[t]$  spanned by all the elements  $P^{(n)}t^n$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Here,  $P^{(n)} = P^n R_P \cap R$ . One may also describe  $S$  as  $R + Pt + P^{(2)}t^2 + \dots + P^{(n)}t^n + \dots$ . Suppose that  $S$  is finitely generated over  $R$ . Prove that for some integer  $n \geq 1$ ,  $P^{(n)}$  is principal.