

1. This problem is a continuation of Problem 3 on Assignment 12. Find all flows in the wedge whose flow is parallel to the bounding lines and satisfies the symmetry (1) from the preceding assignment. **Hint.** Use the result from that problem. **Discussion.** The flow velocity is bounded at the corner but the derivatives of the velocity are unbounded at the corner. The case of $A = \pi/4$ does not have this divergence.

2-3. **i.** Starting with flow in the unit disk swirling about the origin, find a swirling flow in the upper half disk so that the flow swirls about the point midway between the circle center and the circumference. **ii.** Show that near the corners of the half disk the flow resembles the flow with complex potential z^2 in a quadrant. **Hints.** **i.** Map the domains. Then arrange that the point $0 + i/2$ goes to the center by performing an additional self map of the disk. The self maps of the disk were given in class. **ii.** Find the leading term in the Taylor expansion of the complex potential at the corner. The potential of the transformed problem is the transform of the original potential.

4. **i.** For integer $n \geq 1$ show that the irrotational, incompressible, planar fluid flow with complex potential $F(z) = z^n$ is tangent to the boundary of the wedge $0 < \arg z < 2\pi/n$ and each of its rotates by $k2\pi/n$ with $k \in \mathbb{Z}$.

ii. Sketch the streamlines. **Hint.** The streamlines satisfy $\text{Im } z^n = c$. So z belongs to the image of a $\{\text{Im } w = c\}$ by the appropriate branch of $z = w^{1/n}$.

iii. When n is even, show that the flow is tangent to the boundary of $\{y > 0\}$.

5. 243/3.

6. 243/4.

7. Exercise 2.2 of Fluid Flows handout.