

20. MAPS BETWEEN SPLITTING FIELDS

**Problem 20.1.** Let  $k$  be a field, let  $f(x)$  be an irreducible polynomial in  $k[x]$  and let  $L$  be an extension of  $k$  in which  $f$  has a root  $\theta$ . Show that there is an injection  $\phi : k[x]/f(x)k[x] \rightarrow L$  with  $\phi(x) = \theta$  making the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} k & & \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \\ k[x]/f(x)k[x] & \xrightarrow{\phi} & L \end{array}$$

commute.

We recall the definition

**Definition:** Let  $k$  be a field, let  $f(x)$  be a polynomial in  $k[x]$  and let  $K$  be an extension field of  $k$ . We will say that  $f$  *splits in*  $K$  if  $f$  factors as a product of linear polynomials in  $K[x]$ . We say that  $K$  is a *splitting field of*  $f$  if  $f$  splits as a product  $c \prod (x - \theta_j)$  in  $K[x]$  and the field  $K$  is generated by  $k$  and by the  $\theta_j$ .

**Problem 20.2.** Let  $k$  be a field and let  $f(x)$  be a polynomial in  $k[x]$ . Let  $K$  be a splitting field of  $f$  in which  $f$  splits as  $\prod (x - \alpha_j)$ . and let  $L$  be a field in which  $f$  splits as  $\prod (x - \beta_j)$ . Show that there is an injection  $\phi : K \rightarrow L$  making the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} k & & \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \\ K & \xrightarrow{\phi} & L \end{array}$$

commute. Hint: Think about  $k \subseteq k[\alpha_1] \subseteq k[\alpha_1, \alpha_2] \subseteq \dots \subseteq k[\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n] = K$ .

**Problem 20.3.** Let  $k$  be a field and let  $f(x)$  be a polynomial in  $k[x]$ . Let  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  be two splitting fields of  $f$ . Show that there is an isomorphism  $K_1 \cong K_2$  making the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} k & & \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \\ K_1 & \xrightarrow{\cong} & K_2 \end{array}$$

commute.

**Problem 20.4.** Let  $k$  be a field, let  $f(x) = \sum f_j x^j$  be a polynomial in  $k[x]$  and let  $\sigma$  be an automorphism of  $k$ . Let  $\sigma(f)(x) := \sum \sigma(f_j) x^j$ . Let  $K_1$  be a splitting field of  $f$  and let  $K_2$  be a splitting field of  $\sigma(f)$ . Show that there is an isomorphism  $K_1 \cong K_2$  making the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} k & \xrightarrow{\sigma} & k \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ K_1 & \xrightarrow{\cong} & K_2 \end{array}$$

commute.