

hw1 , due: Tuesday, September 15

appendix E (sigma notation) page A38 / 16 , 17 , 18 , 19 , 20

section 5.1 (area) page 325 / 20 (Note: in this type of problem, the region  $R$  of the  $xy$ -plane has the form  $R = \{(x, y) : a \leq x \leq b, 0 \leq y \leq f(x)\}$  - you need to find the limits  $a, b$  and the function  $f(x)$ .)

1. True or False? Give a reason to justify your answer.

a)  $(fg)' = f'g'$

b)  $\sum_{i=0}^n (n-i) = \sum_{i=0}^n i$

2. Evaluate the telescoping sum.

a)  $\sum_{i=1}^5 ((i+1)^3 - i^3)$

b)  $\sum_{i=1}^n ((i+1)^3 - i^3)$

3. Prove:

a)  $\sum_{i=1}^n (a_i + b_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i + \sum_{i=1}^n b_i$

b)  $\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$  (Hint: start from  $(i+1)^3 - i^3 = \dots$ )

4. Each set below defines a region  $R$  in the  $xy$ -plane. Draw the given region, express the area of the region as a limit of Riemann sums, and evaluate the limit.

a)  $\{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1+x\}$

b)  $\{(x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1-x^2\}$

c)  $\{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq e^x\}$

(Note for 4c: if you can't evaluate the limit, skip it - it requires the formula for a finite geometric series, which we'll learn in hw2.)